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Special Agent in Charge



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Memphis, Tennessee

May 9, 1963

RE: STUDENT DEMONSTRATIONS
PROTESTING SEGREGATION,
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE
RACIAL MATTERS

On May 9, 1963, Lieutenant SCOTTY LYNCH, Memphis Police Department, advised that there were a series of demonstrations by Negro students at Nashville, Tennessee, on May 8, 1963. The group was primarily made up of Negro high school students and some Negro college students and there were one or two white individuals who were participating in the demonstrations.

Lynch stated that the demonstrations consisted of groups of students meeting at the First Baptist Church. Eighth Avenue North and Charlotte Avenue, Nashville, Tennessee, and going from there to march in front of Cross Keys Restaurant, B and W Cafeteria and Wilson Quick Drug Store, and then going back to the church for more meetings and speeches. There was one march by the entire group through the downtown area. The students were carrying signs indicating that they were protesting segregation in Nashville, Tennessee, and were demonstrating in sympathy with the demonstrations in Birmingham, Alabama. Lynch stated that the demonstrations were quiet and orderly throughout most of the day but during the afternoon a group of white teenagers gathered in the downtown area and began to throw rocks and eggs at the demonstrators. He stated that there was some resistance to this and that there was one incident of a scuffle between a Negro demonstrator and a white heckler resulting in the arrest of the two of them.

Lynch stated that seven Negroes were arrested for failure to follow instructions of the police and creating disturbances and two white hecklers were arrested.

He stated that the two scufflers were slightly injured when they fell through a glass sign but no serious injury was sustained by anyone.

The "Nashville Tennesseean," a daily newspaper published in Nashville, Tennessee, on May 9, 1963, quoted a spokesman for the Nashville Christian Leadership Council as stating that the purpose of the demonstration was to express sympathy for Birmingham Negroes and to point out that all is not well in Nashville. The paper also stated that Billie Solvestes, described as a "bankrupt promoter," made a speech to the group of students at the Erst Baptist Church, stating "If America does not mean integration we should give the Indians back their land and pray for forgiveness for taking their land."

THAS

Listed as having been arrested are the following:	
loitering disorderly	b6 b7
conduct by refusing to obey an officer.	
with an officer interfering	
disorderly conduct and simple assault.	
simple assault.	. 1
- charge not shown.	b6
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- address not shown.	

The paper did not list the identity of the ninth person arrested.

The information from Lieutenant Lynch was furnished

to Colonel Jack Kelley, 111th INTC Group, Nashville, Tennessee, May 9, 1963.

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